

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice.

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

Module-4

- 7 a. A slider bearing with a rectangular shoe has the following specifications : Length of the shoe in direction of motion = 75mm ; Width of the shoe = 115mm Velocity of moving member = 2m/sec ; Expected mean temperature of oil = 80°C Permissible film thickness = 0.023mm ; Viscosity of oil = 34.5 Cp Determine i) Load carrying capacity ii) Power loss in the bearing. Assume that the inclination of the bearing surface corresponds to the maximum load carrying capacity. Neglect the effects of end flow on the bearing. (08 Marks)
 - b. Derive the expression for rate of flow of oil in an hydrostatic step bearing. (08 Marks)





- A rectangular plane slider bearing with a fixed shoe has the following details : 8 a. Bearing length in direction of motion = 80mm ; Width of bearing = 101mm ; Mean viscosity of lubricant = 17.24 Cp Slider velocity = 1.27 m/sec ; Maximum fluid film thickness = 0.05mm Minimum fluid film thickness = 0.02mm Draw the pressure distribution curve for the slider bearing. (08 Marks)
 - b. The following are the particulars of a Hydrostatic step bearing : Thrust load = 500KN ; Shaft diameter = 500mm ; Recess diameter = 250mm Film thickness = 0.015mm ; Viscosity of oil = 48Cp. Determine the inlet pressure and oil flow.

(08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 List the requirements of a good bearing material and discuss any two in brief. (10 Marks) a.
 - What are the objectives of Surface Engineering for tribological applications? b. (06 Marks)

OR.

- List commonly used bearing materials. Explain any two of them with respect to their typical 10 a. properties and advantages. (10 Marks)
 - What are the methods used in Surface Engineering. b. (06 Marks)